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### REMARKS

Claims 1 and 3-16 are pending in this application, claim 2 having been canceled and claims 9-16 having been added. Claims 1 and 9 are the independent claims.

Claims 1-8 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shimojoh, U.S. Patent No. 6,606,188. This rejection as it applies to the pending claims are hereby traversed for at least the following reasons.

Claim 1 has been amended to incorporate the limitations of original claim 2. As discussed below, claim 1 as amended is believed to be patentable over the cited references.

Claim 1 now recites that *a first passive coupling arrangement [is provided] for conveying excess pump energy that traverses the optical amplifiers in the first and the second optical fibers to the third and the fourth optical fibers at a location upstream from the optical amplifiers supplying amplification to optical signals traversing the third and the fourth optical fibers.* As shown in the embodiment of the invention depicted in FIG. 2 of the application, excess or unused co-propagating pump power that traverses rare-earth doped fibers 114<sub>1</sub> and 116<sub>1</sub> and continues downstream (e.g., in the eastbound direction) along fibers 110<sub>1</sub> and 112<sub>1</sub> is transferred to fibers 110<sub>2</sub> and 112<sub>2</sub>, where the excess power travels downstream (e.g. in the westbound direction) to co-pump rare-earth doped fibers 114<sub>2</sub> and 116<sub>2</sub>. This transfer or recycling of pump power is achieved by a passive coupling arrangement that includes coupling elements 210<sub>1</sub>, 210<sub>2</sub>, 220<sub>1</sub> and 220<sub>2</sub> and 2x2 combiner/splitters 270 and 280.

In rejecting original claim 2, the examiner notes that Shimojoh discloses in FIG. 7 a pump controller 10. Applicants respectfully submit that the pump controller 10 does not serve to convey excess pump energy from the fibers in which signals travel in one direction to those fibers in which signals travel in the other direction. Rather, controller 10 is used to monitor the total output power received by light receiving sections 8 (i.e., detectors). Based on the value of the total output power, the controller adjusts the output power provided by the light sources 1 (see column 9, lines 33-38). Shimojoh does not show any arrangement for conveying excess pump energy from the fibers in which signals travel in one direction to those fibers in which signals travel in the other direction.

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Accordingly, for at least this reason Applicants respectfully submit that claim 1 as amended is patentable over Shimojoh.

New claim 9 is similar to original claim 1 except that it now recites that the first combiner distributes *substantially all* of the pump energy it receives from the first plurality of pump sources to the optical amplifiers in the first and second optical fibers. Likewise, claim 9 also recites that the second combiner distributes *substantially all* of the pump energy it receives from the second plurality of pump sources to the optical amplifiers in the third and fourth optical fibers. That is, in the embodiment of the invention depicted in FIG. 1, combiner 150 distributes substantially all of the pump energy from pump lasers 120<sub>1</sub> and 120<sub>2</sub> to fibers 110<sub>1</sub> and 112<sub>1</sub>, which fibers support signals traveling in a first direction. Likewise, combiner 160 distributes substantially all of the pump energy from pump lasers 130<sub>1</sub> and 130<sub>2</sub> to fibers 110<sub>2</sub> and 112<sub>2</sub>, which fibers support signals traveling in a second direction.

In contrast to the present invention as set forth in claim 9, Shimojoh shows in FIG. 2 combiner arrangements in which only a fraction of the pump energy they each receive from the pump sources is provided to fiber pairs that support signals traveling in a common direction. For example, only a portion of the pump energy from sources 1<sub>1</sub> and 1<sub>2</sub> is provided to fibers S<sub>1U</sub> and S<sub>2U</sub> by couplers 2<sub>1</sub> and 2<sub>3</sub>. The remaining fraction of the pump energy from sources 1<sub>1</sub> and 1<sub>2</sub> are provided to fibers S<sub>1D</sub> and S<sub>2D</sub> by couplers 2<sub>4</sub> and 2<sub>4</sub>. Accordingly, Shimojoh does not show or suggest a first (second) combiner that distributes substantially all of the pump energy it receives from the first (second) plurality of pump sources to the optical amplifiers in the first (third) and second (fourth) optical fibers. For at least this reason it is respectfully submitted that claim 9 and the claims that depend therefrom are patentable over Shimojoh.

### Conclusion

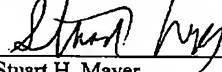
In view of the foregoing, it is believed that the application is now in condition for allowance and early passage of this case to issue is respectfully requested. If the Examiner believes there are still unresolved issues, a telephone call to the undersigned would be welcomed.

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**Fees**

If there are any fees due and owing in respect to this amendment, the Examiner is authorized to charge such fees to deposit account number 50-1047.

Respectfully submitted,

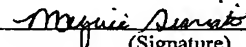
  
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